NAME

rgbgfx — Game Boy graphics converter

SYNOPSIS

DESCRIPTION

The **rgbgfx** program converts PNG images into the Nintendo Game Boy's planar tile format. The arguments are as follows:

- **-D** Debug features are enabled.
- **-f** Fix the input PNG file to be a correctly indexed image.
- **-F** Same as **-f**, but additionally, the input PNG file is fixed to have its parameters match the command line's parameters.
- -d depth

The bitdepth of the output image (either 1 or 2). By default, the bitdepth is 2 (two bits per pixel).

- **-h** Lay out tiles horizontally rather than vertically.
- -o outfile

The name of the output file.

-p palfile

Raw bytes (8 bytes for two bits per pixel, 4 bytes for one bit per pixel) containing the RGB15 values in the little-endian byte order and then ordered from lightest to darkest.

- -P Same as -p, but the pallete file output name is made by taking the input filename, removing the file extension, and appending .pal.
- -t mapfile

If any tiles are the same, don't place the repeat tiles in the output file, and make a tilemap file.

- -T Same as -t, but the tilemap file output name is made by taking the input filename, removing the file extension, and appending .tilemap.
- **-u** Truncate repeated tiles. Useful with tilemaps.
- **-v** Print the version of the program and exit.
- -v Verbose. Print errors when the command line parameters and the parameters in the PNG file don't match.
- -x tiles

Trim the end of the output file by this many tiles.

EXAMPLES

The following will take a PNG file with a bitdepth of 1, 2, or 8, and output planar 2bpp data:

```
$ rgbgfx -o out.2bpp in.png
```

The following creates a planar 2bpp file with only unique tiles, and its tilemap out.tilemap:

```
$ rgbgfx -T -u -o out.2bpp in.png
```

The following will do nothing:

\$ rgbgfx in.png

SEE ALSO

rgbds(7), rgbasm(1), rgblink(1), rgbfix(1), gbz80(7)

HISTORY

rgbgfx was created by stag019 to be included in RGBDS. It is now maintained by a number of contributors at https://github.com/rednex/rgbds